HOW FARMERS HELP FARMLAND BIRDS SPRING >

HEDGES ARE NOT CUT AFTER MARCH 1 TO ENCOURAGE BIRDS TO NEST MANY BIRDS NEST IN FARM BUILDINGS

BARE PIECES OF GROUND LEFT IN THE CENTRE OF FIELDS WHEN NEW CROPS ARE PLANTED ALLOW SKYLARKS TO NEST

MANY FARMERS WILL OFTEN PLANT A TEMPORARY WINTER COVER CROP, LIKE MUSTARD. THIS CROP PROTECTS **THE SOIL BEFORE SPRING PLANTING**

DURING SPRING AND AUTUMN \neq **SEED BEARING CROPS ARE PLANTED TO PROVIDE VITAL BIRD FOOD OVER WINTER**

FIELD CORNERS AND MARGINS **ARE LEFT UNCULTIVATED TO ENCOURAGE WILD FLOWERS TO GROW AND INSECTS TO THRIVE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR**

BEETLE BANKS ARE CREATED

IN AUTUMN, ONCE THE YOUNG **BIRDS HAVE FLEDGED THEIR NESTS, HEDGES ARE NOW CUT. THESE ARE OFTEN CUT IN ROTATION TO ALLOW UNCUT HEDGES TO PRODUCE BERRIES**

STUBBLE PROVIDES LOOSE SEEDS LEFT **OVER FROM HARVEST**



WINTER

'THE HUNGRY-GAP': DURING WINTER, FOOD SUPPLIES ARE SHORT FOR BIRDS. TO PROVIDE WINTER BIRD FOOD FARMERS:

> PLANT SEED-BEARING CROPS **IN SPRING AND AUTUMN**

• LEAVE AREAS OF FIELDS UNCULTIVATED **OR PLANTED WITH A COVER CROP TO ENCOURAGE INSECTS**

> • LEAVE STUBBLE IN THE FIELDS **OVER WINTER TO ENCOURAGE GROWTH OF WEEDS THAT SUPPORT INSECTS**

• PURCHASE OR GROW BIRD **SEED MIXTURES TO SCATTER ON FIELDS JUST LIKE MANY UK HOUSEHOLDS**

ADDITIONAL SHELTER CAN BE **CREATED IN BIRD BOXES PUT UP AROUND FARMS**

