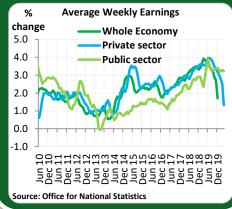
Key Labour Market Indicators – June 2020

NB, figures below relate to % changes on the same period 12 months ago.

Earnings in the Economy +1.7% Average Weekly Earnings (AWE)

Estimated annual growth in average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in the three months to April 2020 was 1.0% for total pay (including bonuses) and 1.7% for regular pay (excluding bonuses). Total pay fall in real terms for the first time since January 2018; pay declined in industries where furloughing was including most prominent, accommodation and food service activities. Negative growth was seen in the construction sector, estimated at minus 1.8%.



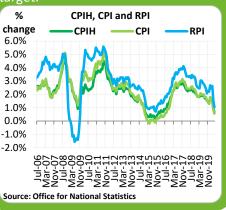


The <u>Government</u> has announced increases to wage rates. The new rates came into effect on 1st April 2020. The NLW paid to workers aged 25 or over increased from £8.21/hour to £8.72/hour in April. The NMW rate for 18-20 year olds rose by 4.9% to £6.45 while 21-24 year olds saw an increase of 6.5% to £8.20 respectively. The apprentice rate has been increased by 6.4% to £4.15. In addition the accommodation offset increased by 8.6% to £8.20 per day.

Rates from April 2020	
NLW 25+	£8.72
21-24 Year Old Rate	£8.20
18-20 Year Old Rate	£6.45
16-17 Year Old Rate	£4.55
Apprentice Rate	£4.15
Accommodation Offset	£8.20
Source: Low Pay Commission	

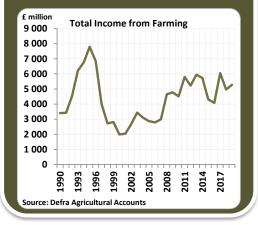


Inflation fell in May to 0.5%, the second full month of the coronavirus lockdown according to figures from the ONS. Fuel prices declined by 16.7% during the month, sending the CPI to its lowest level since June 2016. May's inflation rate was down from 0.8% in April, the first full month of the pandemic lockdown. The Office for Budget Responsibility (OBR) forecasts the annual rate of CPI inflation to average 0.6% in 2020 significantly below the Bank's 2% target.



Farm Business Profitability +8.0% Total Income from Farming (TIFF)

Defra has published its first estimate of TIFF for 2019. The TIFF is a measure of the performance of the whole agricultural industry in the UK. The profitability of UK farming increased by 8% to £5.3 billion in 2019. Crop output value rose by 6% to £10.0 billion. Weather conditions were generally more favourable in 2019, with higher yielding crops boosting the value. Agriculture's contribution to the wider economy, increased by 6% to £10.4 billion.



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Key Labour Market Indicators are designed to provide headline figures on the wider economic and labour market conditions in the UK. This can be used as a quick reference guide when conducting periodic pay reviews for workers. This is the latest version. If you need to access previous editions, please visit <u>NFU Online</u>.